

PTH GROUP s.r.l. - Via Ticino 15 - 21043 Castiglione Olona (VA) - ITALY Phone +39 0331 858378 - Fax +39 0331 824390 - E-mail: info@pth-group.com
Web site: www.pth-group.com

PLASTIC TUBES

POLYCARBONATE TUBES



POLYCARBONATE TUBES

Polycarbonate tubes are supplied with UV stabilized transparent or opal colour material, packed with adhesive polyethylene film, on request tubes are also produce in self-extinguishing polycarbonate V0 material, that can guarantee an high resistant flame grade and keeping the characteristics of normal polycarbonate material, such as transparency, ultraviolet light resistant and high impact resistance.

DIMENSIONS

From Inside Diameter 6 mm to Outside Diameter 38 mm – Minimum Quantity 1000 mt

From Inside Diameter 40 mm to Outside Diameter 68 mm – Minimum Quantity 500 mt

From Inside Diameter 70 mm to Outside Diameter 250 mm – Minimum Quantity 250 mt

TECHNICAL MATERIAL PROPERTIES

- Excellent light transmission values
 - UVstabilized
- Self-extinguishing according to the CE regulations, PC tubes do not allow flame spread
 - High impact resistance
 - High service temperature
 - Good chemical resistance

POLYCARBONATE UV STABILIZED – ANTISHOCK

Physical	Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
Density	1.20 g/cm²	ISO 1183
Apparent Density	0.66 g/cm²	ISO 60
Melt Mass-Flow Rate (MFR) (300°C/1.2 kg)	3.0 g/10 min	ISO 1133
Melt Volume-Flow Rate (MVR) (300°C/1.2 kg)	3.00 cm ² /10min	ISO 1133
Molding Shrinkage		100 0555
Across Flow	0.60 to 0.80 %	ISO 2577
Flow	0.60 to 0.80 %	ISO 2577
Across Flow: 2.00 mm ²	0.75 %	ISO 294-4
Flow: 2.00 mm ²	0.70 %	ISO 294-4
Water Absorption		ISO 62
Saturation, 23°C	0.30 %	
Equilibrium, 23°C, 50% RH	0.12 %	
Mechanical	Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
Tensile Modulus (23°C)	2400 MPa	ISO 527-2/1
Tensile Stress	E00408403	ISO 527-2/50
Yield, 23°C	67.0 MPa	
Break, 23°C	65.0 MPa	TALLOS I SALTON DE LA CONTRACTOR DE LA C
Tensile Strain		ISO 527-2/50
Yield, 23°C	6.3 %	
Break, 23°C	100 %	0,000,000,000,000,000
Nominal Tensile Strain at Break (23°C)	> 50 %	ISO 527-2/50
Tensile Creep Modulus		ISO 899-1
1 hr	2200 MPa	
1000 hr	1900 MPa	0.20.020
Flexural Modulus ³ (23°C)	2400 MPa	ISO 178
Flexural Strength ³		ISO 178
3.5% Strain, 23°C	74.0 MPa	
23°C	100 MPa	
Flexural Strain at Flexural Strength		ISO 179
23°C, 2 mm/min	7.3 %	
Films	Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
Water Vapor Transmission Rate		ISO 15106-1
23°C, 100 µm, 85% RH	15 g/m²/24 hr	
Carbon Dioxide Permeability		ISO 2556
25.4 µm	16900 cm²/m²/bar/24 hr	
100.0 μm	4300 cm²/m²/bar/24 hr	
Nitrogen Permeability		ISO 2556
25.4 μm	510 cm³/m³/bar/24 hr	
100.0 µm	130 cm²/m²/bar/24 hr	ally company of
Oxygen Permeability		ISO 2556
25.4 μm	2800 cm²/m²/bar/24 hr	
100.0 µm	700 cm³/m³/bar/24 hr	***************************************
pact	Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
Charpy Notched Impact Strength 4,5		ISO 7391
-30°C, Complete Break	16 kJ/m²	
23°C, Partial Break	70 kJ/m²	
Charpy Unnotched Impact Strength		ISO 179/1eU
-60°C	No Break	1000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
-30°C	No Break	
23°C	No Break	
	NO DIEST	ISO 180/A
Notched Izod Impact Strength 6	440.00	ISO IOUA
-30°C, Complete Break	14 kJ/m²	
23°C, Partial Break	80 kJ/m²	
Multi-Axial Instrumented Impact Energy	8000000	ISO 6603-2
-30°C	65.0 J	
23°C	60.0 J	
Multi-Axial Instrumented Impact Peak Force	2000 2000	ISO 6603-2
-30°C	6500 N	
2010	5600 N	
23°C	000011	
ardness	Nominal Value Unit	Test Method

hermal	Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
Heat Deflection Temperature	000000 village (2000000000000000000000000000000000000	101000000000000000000000000000000000000
0.45 MPa, Unannealed	138 °C	ISO 75-2/B
1.8 MPa, Unannealed	127 °C	ISO 75-2/A
Glass Transition Temperature	145 °C	ISO 11357-2
Vicat Softening Temperature		
3. W	146 °C	ISO 306/B50
1. -	147 °C	ISO 306/B120
Ball Pressure Test (137°C)	Pass	IEC 60695-10-2
CLTE		ISO 11359-2
Flow: 23 to 55°C	0.000065 cm/cm/°C	
Transverse: 23 to 55°C	0.000065 cm/cm/°C	
Thermal Conductivity (23°C)	0.20 W/m/K	ISO 8302
ectrical	Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
Surface Resistivity	1.0E+16 ohms	IEC 60093
Volume Resistivity	1.0E+16 ohm-cm	IEC 60093
Relative Permittivity		IEC 60250
23°C, 100 Hz	3.10	
23°C, 1 MHz	3.00	
Dissipation Factor	0.00	IEC 60250
23°C, 100 Hz	0.00050	120 30200
23°C, 1 MHz	0.0090	
Comparative Tracking Index	0.0030	IEC 60112
Solution A	250 V	120 00112
Solution B	250 V 100 V	
The Control of the Co	34 kV/mm	IEC 60243-1
Electric Strength (23°C, 1.00 mm)	34 KV/mm	IEC 60243-1
ammability	Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
Flame Rating - UL		UL 94
1.50 mm, CL, NC, WT	НВ	
3.00 mm, WT	V-2	
6.00 mm, CL, NC, WT	V-0	
Glow Wire Flammability Index		IEC 60695-2-12
1.00 mm	850 °C	
1.50 mm	850 °C	
2.00 mm	850 °C	
3.00 mm	960 °C	
4.00 mm	960 °C	
Oxygen Index 7	27 %	ISO 4589-2
Burning Rate (> 1.00 mm, US-FMVSS)	Passed	ISO 3795
Flash Ignition Temperature	480 °C	ASTM D1929
Needle Flame Test	100 0	71071111071020
1.50 mm. Method F	60.0 sec	
1.50 mm, Method K	5.0 sec	
2.00 mm. Method K	5.0 sec	
2.00 mm, Method F	60.0 sec	
3.00 mm, Method F	120.0 sec	
3.00 mm, Method K	10.0 sec	ACTAL DAGGE
Self Ingnition Temperature	550 °C	ASTM D1929
L 746	Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
RTI Str (1.50 mm)	125 °C	UL 746
RTI Imp (1.50 mm)	115°C	UL 746
RTI Elec (1.50 mm)	125 °C	UL 746
ptical	Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
Refractive Index ⁶	1.587	ISO 489
Transmittance		ISO 13468-2
1.00 µm	89.0 %	
2000 µm	88.0 %	
3000 μm	88.0 %	
4000 µm	87.0 <mark>%</mark>	
Haze (3000 µm)	< 0.80 %	ISO 14782
dditional Information	Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
Electrolytical Corrosion	A1	IEC 60426
ISO Shortname	PC,ELS,(,,)-05-9	ISO 7391

POLYCARBONATE FLAME RETARDANT V0

Physical	Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
Density	1,25 g/cm³	ISO 1183
Melt Volume-Flow Rate (MVR)		ISO 1133
300°C/1,2 kg	3,00 cm³/10min	
300°C/2.16 kg	5.50 cm³/10min	
Molding Shrinkage - Flow ²	0,40 to 0,60 %	Internal Method
Water Absorption		ISO 62
Saturation, 23°C	0.32 %	
Equilibrium, 23°C, 50% RH	0.13 %	C78 00001 0
Viechanical	Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
Tensile Modulus	2350 MPa	SO 527-2/1
Tensile Stress		ISO 527-2/50
Yield	65,0 MPa	
Break	70,0 MPa	
Tensile Strain		SO 527-2/50
Yield	7.0 %	
Break	> 70 %	
Flexural Modulus ³	2350 MPa	ISO 178
Flexural Strength 3, 4	95.0 MPa	ISO 178
Taber Abrasion Resistance	6/1/20 G160000	Internal Method
1000 Cycles, 1000 g, CS-17 Wheel	9,00 mg	
mpact	Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
Charpy Notched Impact Strength 5		ISO 179/1eA
-30°C	10 kJ/m²	
23°C	11 kJ/m²	
Charpy Unnotched Impact Strength 5	370000,100	ISO 179/1eU
-30°C	No Break	10:00:00:00:00:00
23°C	No Break	
Notched Izod Impact Strength 6	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	ISO 180/1A
+30°C	10 kJ/m²	17.70. 17.70.11.70
23°C	11 kJ/m²	
Unnotched Izod Impact Strength ⁶	3 1 1007111	ISO 180/1U
-30°C	No Break	INSCIPATION OF
23°C	No Break	
Hardness	Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
Ball Indentation Hardness (H 358/30)	95.0 MPa	ISO 2039-1
27-140-00-0	Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
hermal	Nominal Value Onic	rest Metriod
Heat Deflection Temperature 7	440.00	100 75 0/D
0.45 MPa, Unannealed, 100 mm Span	148 °C 135 °C	ISO 75-2/Be
1,8 MPa, Unannealed, 100 mm Span	135 °C	ISO 75-2/Ae
Vicat Softening Temperature	455.00	100 200/050
- x	155 °C	ISO 306/B50
Bell December Test (425°C)	156 °C	ISO 306/B120
Ball Pressure Test (125°C)	Pass	EC 60695-10-2
CLTE - Flow (23 to 80°C)	0.000070 cm/cm/°C	ISO 11359-2
Thermal Conductivity	0,20 W/m/K	ISO 8302
lectrical	Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
Surface Resistivity	> 1.0E+15 ohms	IEC 60093
Volume Resistivity	> 1,0E+15 ohm cm	IEC 60093
Relative Permittivity	172/25/0	IEC 60250
50 Hz	2.70	
60 Hz	2,70	
1 MHz	2.70	12217777
Dissipation Factor	20. 20.200423000	IEC 60250
50 Hz	0.0010	
60 Hz	0,0010	
1 MHz	0.010	
Electric Strength (3.20 mm, in Oil)	17 kV/mm	IEC 60243-1

Flammability		Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
Flame Rating - UL (1.50 mm)		V-0	UL 94
Glow Wire Flammability Index (1,00 mm)	:	850 °C 960 °C	IEC 60695-2-12
Optical		Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
Refractive Index		1,586	ISO 489
Transmittance (2540 µm)		88,0 %	ASTM D1003
Haze (2540 µm)		< 0.80 %	ASTM D1003

Extrusion	Nominal Value Unit	
Drying Temperature	120 °C	
Drying Time	2.0 to 4.0 hr	
Hopper Temperature	100 to 120 °C	
Cylinder Zone 1 Temp,	260 to 300 °C	
Cylinder Zone 2 Temp.	260 to 290 °C	
Cylinder Zone 3 Temp.	260 to 290 °C	
Adapter Temperature	240 to 280 °C	
Melt Temperature	260 to 300 °C	
Die Temperature	240 to 300 °C	
Calibration Temp, First	50.0 to 100 °C	

Notes

- Notes

 1 Typical properties: these are not to be construed as specifications.

 2 Tensile Bar

 3 2.0 mm/min

 4 Yield

 5 80*10*3 sp=62mm

 6 80*10*3

 7 120*10*4 mm

PMMA TUBES



PMMA TUBES

PMMA tubes are extruded in transparent and opal material.

DIMENSIONS

From Inside Diameter 6 mm to Outside Diameter 38 mm – Minimum Quantity 1000 mt

From Inside Diameter 40 mm to Outside Diameter 68 mm – Minimum Quantity 500 mt

From Inside Diameter 70 mm to Outside Diameter 250 mm – Minimum Quantity 250 mt

TECHNICAL MATERIAL PROPERTIES

- Perfectly clear and colourless
- Excellent light transmission
 - High quality surface
 - High light diffusion
 - Very good brilliancy

PMMA TRANSPARENT

Physical	Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
Density	1.18 g/cm²	ISO 1183
Melt Mass-Flow Rate (MFR)	2,2 g/10 min	ISO 1133
Molding Shrinkage	0.40 to 0.70 %	ISO 294-4
Water Absorption (Equilibrium, 23°C, 50% RH)	0,30 %	ISO 62
Mechanical	Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
Tensile Stress (Yield)	83,0 MPa	ISO 527-2
Tensile Strain (Yield)	5.0 %	ISO 527-2
Flexural Modulus	3200 MPa	ISO 178
Flexural Strength	115 MPa	ISO 178
mpact	Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
Charpy Notched Impact Strength	2,0 kJ/m²	ISO 179/1eA
Charpy Unnotched Impact Strength	20 kJ/m²	ISO 179/1eU
Notched Izod Impact Strength	2.0 kJ/m²	ISO 180/1A
Hardness	Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
Rockwell Hardness (M-Scale)	98	ISO 2039-2
Ball Indentation Hardness (H 961/30)	185 MPa	ISO 2039-1
Thermal	Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
Heat Deflection Temperature		
0,45 MPa, Unannealed	105 °C	ISO 75-2/B
1.8 MPa, Unannealed	102 °C	ISO 75-2/A
Vicat Softening Temperature		
	117 °C	ISO 306/A
	109 °C	ISO 306/B
CLTE - Flow	0,000071 cm/cm/°C	ASTM E831
Flammability	Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
Flame Rating - UL	HB	UL 94
Glow Wire Flammability Index	650 °C	IEC 60695-2-12
Optical	Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
Refractive Index	1,490	ISO 489
Transmittance	92.0 %	ASTM D1003
Haze	0.40 %	ASTM D1003

PMMA SATIN TUBES



SATIN TUBES

PMMA Satin Tubes are suitable to create a diffused light effect with the presence of an internal lighting. An innovative material that fit particularly for the lighting industry applications.

DIMENSIONS

From Inside Diameter 6 mm to Outside Diameter 38 mm – Minimum Quantity 1000 mt

From Inside Diameter 40 mm to Outside Diameter 68 mm – Minimum Quantity 500 mt

From Inside Diameter 70 mm to Outside Diameter 250 mm – Minimum Quantity 250 mt

TECHNICAL MATERIAL PROPERTIES

- Elegant and attractive surface
 - High light transmission
 - Low inner reflection
 - Impact resistant
 - Diffused light spread
 - Hiding light source power

PMMA SATIN

Physical	Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
Density	1,15 g/cm³	ISO 1183
Melt Mass-Flow Rate (MFR) (230°C/3.8 kg)	0.80 g/10 min	ISO 1133
Molding Shrinkage - Flow	0.20 to 0.80 %	ASTM D955
Water Absorption (Equilibrium, 23°C, 50% RH)	0.36 %	ISO 62
Mechanical	Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
Tensile Stress (Yield, 23°C)	38,0 MPa	SO 527-2
Tensile Strain (Break, 23°C)	40 %	ISO 527-2
Flexural Modulus (23°C)	1700 MPa	ISO 178
Flexural Strength (23°C)	62.0 MPa	ISO 178
Compressive Stress (23°C)	45.0 MPa	ISO 604
mpact	Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
Charpy Notched Impact Strength (23°C)	7,0 kJ/m²	ISO 179/2C
Charpy Unnotched Impact Strength (23°C)	60 kJ/m²	ISO 179/2U
Notched [zod mpact Strength (23°C)	6,3 kJ/m²	ISO 180/1A
fardness	Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
Rockwell Hardness (M-Scale)	46	ASTM D785
Thermal	Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
Heat Deflection Temperature		
0.45 MPa, Unannealed	93,0 °C	SO 75-2/B
1.8 MPa, Unannealed	88.0 °C	ISO 75-2/A
Vicat Softening Temperature	100 °C	ISO 306/B
CLTE - Flow (-30 to 23°C)	0.00010 cm/cm/°C	ASTM D696
Specific Heat	2090 J/kg/°C	
Electrical	Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
Surface Resistivity	> 1,0E+14 ohms	ASTM D257
Volume Resistivity	> 1,0E+15 ohm cm	ASTM D257
Dielectric Strength	15 kV/mm	ASTM D149
Dielectric Constant (60 Hz)	3.90	ASTM D150
Dissipation Factor (1 MHz)	0,040	ASTM D150
lammability	Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
Flame Rating - UL	HB	UL 94
Optical Optical	Nominal Value Unit	Test Method
Refractive Index ²	1.490	ISO 489
Transmittance	90.0 %	ASTM D1003
Haze	2.0 %	ASTM D1003

The values quoted are the average of results obtained under laboratory conditions and are given only as an indication to enable customers to make best use of semi-finished products.

TECHNICAL TUBES SPECIFICATIONS

Tolerances for roundness (in % of outer diameter):

Ø 6 mm to Ø 148 mm = \pm 1,0 % Ø 150 mm to Ø 250 mm = \pm 1,5 %

Tolerances for wall thickness (in %):

Ø 6 mm to Ø 98 mm = \pm 5,0 % Ø 100 mm to Ø 250 mm = \pm 10,0 %

Tolerances for length (in mm):

Production lenghts up to $6.000 \text{ mm} \pm 30.0 \text{ mm}$

Separate cutting service (manual cuts) for lengths (L)

L 1.000 mm

± 1 mm

1.000 < L 2.000 mm ± 1.5 mm

L > 2.000 mm

upon demand

A small recess of 0.3 mm may occur at the cut edges

Tolerances for straightness:

Maximum deviation: 3.0 mm on 1.000 mm chord length

Optical properties:

Extrusion marks and Optical rings are unavoidable due to the extrusion process

Tolerances for PC and PMMA Tubes:

The above manufacturing tolerances apply at a reference temperature of 20 °C

DISCLAIMER

The above information and data sheet have been provided by the raw material manufacturer.

The values quoted are the average of results obtained under laboratory conditions and are given only as an indication to enable customers to make best use of semi-finished products.

PTH GROUP does not take any responsibility for the accuracy of the statements made by the raw material manufacturer.

PTH GROUP accepts only responsibility for the quality of it's products in accordance with it's own standard terms and conditions.